Why report hazards?

Identifying and documenting hazards is a critical process in a Safety Management System (SMS) and will enable your business to:
• report anything with the potential to cause harm or loss
• take action before an incident occurs.

An SMS should incorporate various ways of identifying hazards (e.g. conducting spot checks and audits and generally encouraging employees to look out for hazards in the workplace).

What is a hazard?

Hazards can include:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical things that are clearly visible</td>
<td>Worn load restraints</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behaviours</td>
<td>Not following loading procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A company management practice</td>
<td>Not giving workers suitable training</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Step 1: Provide the details

Once someone has identified a hazard, a Hazard Report form, such as the example on the right, will encourage and enable them to:
• document and report the hazard
• recommend corrective actions to eliminate or minimise the associated risk
• become involved in finding a solution.

Step 2: Submit the completed form

Once completed, the Hazard Report form should be promptly forwarded to the person responsible for managing safety in your business.

Important

If a hazard has the potential to cause immediate harm or loss, then straightaway:
• make the area safe
• report the hazard to the appropriate person
• complete a Hazard Report form as a record.

Once a hazard has been reported, a business has a duty to assess it and take appropriate corrective action to eliminate or minimise the risk.

Key points regarding hazard identification and reporting

• Everyone in your business should be encouraged to report hazards and safety concerns.
• Encouraging everyone to report hazards may include offering them alternatives to completing a form (e.g. raising and discussing hazards at toolbox talks and safety meetings).
• All hazards should be documented and investigated, including verbally reported hazards, so you can show a trail of the corrective actions you have taken.
• Consultation with all the parties involved is essential when investigating a hazard and determining corrective actions.
• You should communicate all hazard reports and corrective actions to all employees throughout your business.